eccomelt356.2 – an ecological and economical alternative to produce low Fe aluminum alloys

G. Morin

Quebec Metallurgy Centre (CMQ), Trois-Rivieres, QC, Canada

M. Hartlieb

Viami International Inc., Beaconsfield, QC, Canada



Eccomelt LLC

- With the partnership of Alcan R&D, eccomelt356.2, a direct substitute for ingot, sow, or T-bar, was developed in response to a growing global need for new energy efficient and cost effective ways to process metals.
- With already over 700 million lbs produced and sold and an installed annual capacity of 72 million lbs. in the US and almost 50 million lbs in Canada, Eccomelt LLC (a subsidiary of House of Metals) is investigating further expansions both in North America and in Europe.



Production Process









This paper is subject to revision. Statements and opinions advanced in this paper or during presentation are the author's and are his/her responsibility, not the Association's. The paper has been edited by NADCA for uniform styling and format. For permission to publish this paper in full or in part, contact NADCA, 241 Holbrook, Wheeling, Illinois, 60090, and the author.

Mercalloy for Structural Diecasting

Martin Hartlieb Viami International Inc., Beaconsfield, QC, Canada

Raymond J. Donahue Mercury Marine, division of Brunswick Corporation, Fond du Lac, WI Analysis of impurity levels and their impact on castings
Wheels are the ideal starting material for structural (low Fe) die casting alloys

	SI	Fe	Cu	Mn	Mg	Cr	Ni	Zn	Ti	Sr	other	total
Mercalloy 362.0	इज़् ड ्ड् ड् ड्	0.40	0.20	ञ्चनइस्जव्हइ	ञ्द्धनस्रम्प	घ्रम	0.10	0.10	0.20	ञ्दन्हंस्ट्रन्द्रम्	0.05	0.15
Mercalloy 367.0	त्त्रङ्घ्रथङ्	0.25	0.25	जन्महराजव्दइ	৵৻৻ ৻৵৻য়৻য়৻য়	घ्र	घ्रम	0.10	0.20	जकहंध्रज्ञक्ष्	0.05	0.15
Mercalloy 368.0	तक्वध्यक	0.25	0.25	ञ्चलहराजव्हड	ञ् द्ध नन्द्रज्ञ	घ्य	घ्य	0.10	0.20	ञ्छह्यञ्छ्या	0.05	0.15



North American Die Casting Association

Die Casting Congress & Exposition - October 15-17, 2018 Indianapolis, IN USA

	SI	Fe	Cu	Mn	Mg	Cr	Ni	Zn	Ti	Sr	other	total
Mercalloy 362.0	झन्द्रस् द	0.40	0.20	ञ्खाइसज़ख्रइ	ज़ॾज़य़ज़ॺॖग़	घ्य	0.10	0.10	0.20	ञ्खन्द्रसञ्खन्।	0.05	0.15
Mercalloy 367.0	तक्र्यथक	0.25	0.25	ज़ॺड़य़ज़ॿॖॱड़	৵৻৻ ৵ঢ়৸৵৻ড়৵	घ्रम	घ्ध	0.10	0.20	ञ्खन्द्रसञ्खन्।	0.05	0.15
Mercalloy 368.0	तक्व्यः	0.25	0.25	ज़ॿख़य़ज़ख़ॱड़	ञ् ड्र ान्स्जब्द्रज	घ्य	घ्ध	0.10	0.20	ञ्छन्द्रसञ्ख्लग	0.05	0.15
Aural-2™	10-12	ञ् द्र ह्म्ह्म्	0.02	ज़कड़धज़ब्हड	ज़ॖॖॖॖऺॿख़ॖड़	घ्य	घ्ध	0.03	0.10	0.03	घ्रम	घ्य
Aural-3™	10-11	ज् द्ध रुप्रज्ञान	0.02	ज़कड़धज़ब्हड़	ज़ॖॖॖॖऺॿऻड़य़ज़ॿॖॖॱड़	घ्य	घ्ध	0.03	0.10	0.03	घ्रम	घ्य
Aural-5™	ज़य़ॖ	ज् द् सः ध्रज्ञकान	0.02	ञ्चक्रह्मञ्च्छड	ज द ्धस्य जिल्ह	घ्य	घ्ध	0.03	0.10	0.03	घ्रम	घ्य
Castaman [®] - 35	तक्ष्य्ह्रम्ज्य्क्र	0.20	0.05	ञ्खङ्घ्रज्यान	ञ्राक्षाज्ञस्त्रज्ञाकृड्	घ्य	घ्ध	0.05	0.15	जङ्गामुख्	घ्य	घ्रम
W3 (ADC3sf)	ण्ड्यत्व	< ্রক্স	< ন্রক্র	ज़स्ट्राज्य	ञ्खास्त्रख्यः	घ्य	घ्ध	घ्य	घ्रम	ज्रक्त्स्ट्रस्ट्रस्ट्रस्ट्र	<ज़ द् स्	घ्य
EZCast™ 370.1	<i>त्रवन्म्</i> धका	ज्य स्तराज्यस्	घ्य	ज़ख़ड़य़ज़ख़	ञ्रङ्गनग्रह	घ्य	घ्य	0.05	0.08	घ्य	घ्रम	घ्र
B360.0	थकाद्सज्खा	0.40	0.25	0.40	ज्यक्रज्ञस्त्र ह	0.50	घ्य	0.50	घ्य	0.12	घ्रम	घ्ध

Many structural / low Fe die casting alloys available now



	SI	Fe	Cu	Mn	Mg	Cr	Ni	Zn	Ti	Sr	other	total
Mercalloy 362.0	<i>इ</i> ज़्रिइट्स्ड्र्	0.40	0.20	ज़ॿऻड़य़ज़ॿॖॱड़	ज़ख़ज़य़ज़ख़ग़	घ्य	0.10	0.10	0.20	ञक्रह्मज्ञक्रम	0.05	0.15
Mercalloy 367.0	त्रुझ्य्	0.25	0.25	ञ्खन्डसञ्डर	ज़ॿऺऺज़य़ज़ॾज़	घ्य	घ्य	0.10	0.20	ञ्दन्द्रस्ट्राज्द्रस्य	0.05	0.15
Mercalloy 368.0	त्रुझ्य्	0.25	0.25	ञ्खन्डसञ्डर	ञ्झ्रज़्य्रज़	घ्य	घ्य	0.10	0.20	ञ्दन्द्रम् स्व	0.05	0.15
Aural-2™	10-12	ज़ख़ख़य़ज़ॿग़ज़	0.02	ज़ख़ड़य़ज़ॾड़	ज़ॖॖॖॖऺॖख़ड़	घ्रम	घ्रम	0.03	0.10	0.03	घ्रम	घ्य
Aural-3™	10-11	ञ् ड् स्ट्राय्क्रज	0.02	ज़ख़ड़य़ज़ॿड़ड़	ज़ॖॖॿड़य़ज़ख़ॖॱड़	घ्य	घ्ध	0.03	0.10	0.03	घ्रम	घ्ध
Aural-5™	णद्म	ञ द्ध ाः स्टान्स् जिन्	0.02	ज़ख़ड़य़ज़ॾड़	ज् ड् स्ट्राज्याङ	घ्य	घ्ध	0.03	0.10	0.03	घ्रम	घ्घ
Castaman [®] - 35	तक्रम्झज्झ	0.20	0.05	ञ्ख्यद्यम्बराज	ञ्ख्रानमञ्च्छड	घ्य	घ्ध	0.05	0.15	ञझ्स्रज्ञ	घ्रम	घ्य
W3 (ADC3sf)	प् र इध्त्वइ	<ন্নক্স	<ন্নক্স	<u> এক্টে</u> ল্ল	ज़क़य़ज़ख़	घ्य	घ्ध	घ्ध	घ्य	ज़ख़ड़ॖय़ख़क़	<ज़ स् ह	घ्य
EZCast™ 370.1	<i>त्</i> खन्म् स्थल	ज्ख् रत सज् द ्रह	घ्य	ञब्दइधजब्द	ञद्भनमञ्ख	घ्य	घ्ध	0.05	0.08	घ्य	घ्य	घ्य
B360.0	थकाइनज्जा	0.40	0.25	0.40	ञाक्क्रास्ट्राव्ह्	0.50	घ्रम	0.50	घ्य	0.12	घ्य	घ्ध
eccomelt 356.2	6.5-7.5	0.14	0.020	0.03	0.25-0.40	0.030	0.008	0.018	0.12	0.01	0.03	0.15

Most structural / low Fe die casting alloys could easily benefit from "clean" A356 wheels as starting material (eccomelt356.2)



	SI	Fe	Cu	Mn	Mg	Cr	Ni	Zn	Ti	Sr	other	total
Mercalloy 362.0	10.5-11.5	0.40	0.20	ज़ॺॖख़य़ज़ख़ॖॱड़	ञङ्गसञ्ख्या	घ्रम	0.10	0.10	0.20	ञ्छह्स्रज्छ्म्	0.05	0.15
Mercalloy 367.0	8.5-9.5	0.25	0.25	ज़्ब्ल्झ्स्रज़्ब्ट्ड्	ज् ख् ज्ञ स्रज्ङ् ज	घ्य	घ्ध	0.10	0.20	ञक्रह्मज्ञक्रमा	0.05	0.15
Mercalloy 368.0	8.5-9.5	0.25	0.25	ज़ॺॖड़य़ज़ख़ॖॱड़	ञद्भनम्बदन	घ्रम	घ्ध	0.10	0.20	ञक्रह्मज्ञक्रम	0.05	0.15
Aural-2™	10-12	ञ् द्र ह्म् इंप्रज्ञान	0.02	ज़ख़ड़य़ज़ख़ड़	ज़ॖॖॿॹड़य़ज़ख़ॖॱड़	घ्य	घ्ध	0.03	0.10	0.03	घ्रम	घ्ध
Aural-3™	10-11	ञ द्ध रघञ्चक्रज	0.02	ज़ख़ड़य़ज़ॿड़	ज़्राक्सड़ाज़ब्दुड	घ्ध	घ्ध	0.03	0.10	0.03	घ्य	घ्ध
Aural-5™	7-8	ञ द्ध रघञ्चक्रज	0.02	ज़ख़ड़य़ज़ॿड़	ज् द् स्ट्राज्रकाड	घ्य	घ्ध	0.03	0.10	0.03	घ्य	घ्ध
Castaman [®] - 35	8.5-10.0	0.20	0.05	ञ्च्छड्घ्रज्यान	ञ्खानसञ्च	घ्य	घ्ध	0.05	0.15	ञक्स्रज़ब्द	घ्रम	म्स
W3 (ADC3sf)	7.5-8.5	<ন্নজ্ঞ	<ন্নক্স	ज़ब्ह् स्ट्रान्ड्	ञ्खास्त्रख्यः	घ्य	घ्ध	घ्य	घ्रम	ज़ख़ड़ॖय़ज़ख़क़	<ज़्रक्झ	म्स
EZCast™ 370.1	6.0-9.0	ज्यस्तराज्यस्	घ्य	ज़ख़ड़य़ज़ख़	ञङ्ग्राज्यस्	घ्य	घ्य	0.05	0.08	घ्य	घ्य	म्स
B360.0	9.0-10.0	0.40	0.25	0.40	<u> নজনাননজ</u>	0.50	घ्ध	0.50	घ्रम	0.12	घ्य	घ्य
eccomelt 356.2	6.5-7.5	0.14	0.020	0.03	0.25-0.40	0.030	0.008	0.018	0.12	0.01	0.03	0.15

Si is already ideal for some alloys, for others 1-3 % need to be added (which is easy to do)



	SI	Fe	Cu	Mn	Mg	Cr	Ni	Zn	Ti	Sr	other	total
Mercalloy 362.0	<i>इ</i> ज़्रिइट्स्ड्र्	0.40	0.20	ज़ॿऻड़य़ज़ख़ॖॱड़	ज़ख़ज़य़ज़ख़ग़	घ्र	0.10	0.10	0.20	ञक्रह्मज्ञक्रम	0.05	0.15
Mercalloy 367.0	त्रुझ्य्र्झ	0.25	0.25	ञ्खद्ध्यञ्जद्धःइ	ज़ॿऺऺज़य़ज़ॾज़	घ्र	-	0.10	0.20	ञ्चस्ट्रस्ट्रज्यस्य	0.05	0.15
Mercalloy 368.0	त्रुझ्य्	0.25	0.25	ञ्खन्द्रसञ्ख्द	ञ्झ्रन्यज्ञ्	घ्र		0.10	0.20	ञ्दन्द्रस्ट्रज्ञ्ज्ञ्	0.05	0.15
Aural-2™	10-12	0.16-0.20	0.02	ज़ख़ड़य़ज़ॿड़	ज़ॖॖॿड़य़ज़ख़ॖड़	घ्रम		0.03	0.10	0.03	घ्र	घ्र
Aural-3™	10-11	0.16-0.20	0.02	ज़्राकुड्घ्रज़्ब्हड़	ज़ॖॖॿड़ड़ज़ख़ॖड़	घ्रम		0.03	0.10	0.03	घ्र	घ्र
Aural-5™	ज़य़ॖ	0.16-0.20	0.02	ज़ख़ड़य़ज़ॿड़	ज़ॖॾॖड़य़ज़ॖॖख़ग़ड़	घ्रम		0.03	0.10	0.03	घ्र	घ्र
Castaman [®] - 35	त्रुक्ट्राइज्रिक	0.20	0.05	जकडंघजकांग	ज़क़ज़य़ज़ख़ड़	घ्र		0.05	0.15	ज़ऺॖख़ॖग़ज़ॿ	घ्रम	घ्र
W3 (ADC3sf)	ज़ऺॾय़॒ॡॾ	<0.2	<0.2	जब्ह्यजब्ह	जकाराजवर	घ्य			घ्य	ज़ख़ड़य़ॶख़ज़	< ्राङ् ह	घ्र
EZCast™ 370.1	<i>त्</i> यज्ञन्द्रम्यज्ञ	0.08-0.15		ञॡड़य़ज़ख़	ञद्भनन्द्रज्ञद्भ	घ्र		0.05	0.08	घ्य	घ्र	घ्र
B360.0	थकाद्सन्द्रमन्द्रम	0.40	0.25	0.40	ञाक्क्रास्ट्रज्यस्	0.50		0.50	घ्य	0.12	घ्र	घ्र
eccomelt 356.2	6.5-7.5	0.14	0.020	0.03	0.25-0.40	0.030	0.008	0.018	0.12	0.01	0.03	0.15

Maximum Fe, Cu, Cr, Ni, Zn and other impurities are perfectly met by eccomelt356.2



	SI	Fe	Cu	Mn	Mg	Cr	Ni	Zn	Ti	Sr	other	total
Mercalloy 362.0	<i>इ</i> ज़्रिइट्स्ट्र्स्ट्र्स्ट्र्स्ट्र्स्ट्र्	0.40	0.20	0.25-0.35	0.50-0.7	घ्य	0.10	0.10	0.20	0.05-0.07	0.05	0.15
Mercalloy 367.0	त्तक्र्घ्रथक	0.25	0.25	0.25-0.35	0.30-0.50	घ्य	घ्य	0.10	0.20	0.05-0.07	0.05	0.15
Mercalloy 368.0	तद्ध्रध्रथ्र	0.25	0.25	0.25-0.35	0.10-0.30	घ्य	घ्य	0.10	0.20	0.05-0.07	0.05	0.15
Aural-2™	10-12	ज़ख़ख़ज़क़	0.02	0.45-0.55	0.25-0.35	घ्ध	घ्ध	0.03	0.10	0.03	घ्र	घ्य
Aural-3™	10-11	ञ्रङ्गद्ध्यञ्चान	0.02	0.45-0.55	0.25-0.35	घ्य	घ्रम	0.03	0.10	0.03	घ्य	घ्घ
Aural-5™	ज़य़ॖੑਜ਼	ञ ्रस् रह्म् इंग्र्ज्युज्ज्	0.02	0.45-0.55	0.15-0.25	घ्ध	घ्ध	0.03	0.10	0.03	घ्रम	घ्ध
Castaman [®] - 35	तक्ष्य्ह्रमज्य्ह्रा	0.20	0.05	0.45-0.70	0.20-0.45	घ्य	घ्ध	0.05	0.15	0.1-0.3	घ्य	म्म
W3 (ADC3sf)	ण्पङ्गध्त्यङ	<ন্নক্স	< ন্রে জ	0.3-0.4	0.2-0.3	घ्य	घ्रम	घ्रम	घ्र	0.01-0.02	<ज़ स् ह	घ्य
EZCast™ 370.1	<i>त्</i> खन्द्रीयका	ञ्खन्म्य	घ्रम	0.35-0.6	0.10-0.6	घ्र	घ्रम	0.05	0.08	-	घ्रम	घ्य
B360.0	थकाइनज्यन	0.40	0.25	0.40	0.40-0.6	0.50	घ्ध	0.50	घ्य	0.12	घ्रम	घ्ध
eccomelt 356.2	6.5-7.5	0.14	0.020	0.03	0.25-0.40	0.030	0.008	0.018	0.12	0.01	0.03	0.15

The Mn, Mg and Sr level can / must be adjusted to the ideal range (which is easy to do)



So can eccomelt356.2 be used to produce low Fe / structural die casting alloys?

- We have seen the chemistry is ideal for most structural / low Fe die casting alloys. But...
- \succ ... is the metal as clean as primary (A356)?
- ... can it be melted in a foundry without fumes/smoke (i.e. without a bag house)?
- will the melt loss be much higher than with ingots?
- Complete analysis at the Quebec Metallurgy Center in Trois-Rivieres, QC.





Performed analysis at the CMO

- Visual and surface contamination inspection
- Melting and analysis of dross formation / melt loss (compared to ingots), and emissions (fumes, smoke)
- Chemical analysis & H measurement
- Metal cleanliness analysis
- Casting test bars in permanent and sand molds (ASTM)
- Heat treatment of test bars
- Analysis of mechanical properties in different conditions
- Microscopic analysis



Material as received at the CMO

Centre de métallurgie du Québec

Quebec Metallurgy Center

eccomelt356.2 was received in a "supersack".

Metal was found to be very clean and in broken parts small enough to give a good compaction for charging and high density in the furnace.



NORTH AMERICAN DIE CASTING ASSOCIATION



Melting, molten metal treatment and analysis

A 275lb charge made from 100% eccomelt356.2 was prepared. Once molten at 730 °C the quality of the untreated charge was tested by the following methods:

- Hydrogen measurement by AISCAN
- Hydrogen measurement by Reduced Pressure test (RPT)
- Test bars cast in permanent mold per ASTM B108.



Melting, molten metal treatment and analysis

The melt was then grain refined with 0.05 %Ti (Al%5Ti1B). It was then argon degassed with a Palmer rotary degasser for 20 minutes. The degassed and treated melt was tested by the following methods:

- Hydrogen measurement by AISCAN
- Hydrogen measurement by Reduce Pressure test
- PoDFA for metal cleanliness (inclusions)
- Test bars cast in permanent mold per ASTM B108 (PDT samples)
- Test bars cast in Techniset[®] bonded resin sand mold per ASTM B26



Melting, molten metal treatment and analysis

- Melting in a Dynarad MG260 75 kW resistance furnace with a SiC crucible
- > No fumes/smoke during melting
- Some floating skins of the last pieces of eccomelt356.2 were visible on the melt surface. Those oxides were skimmed off before sampling the untreated melt.
- Total skim removed was 0.66 lb or 0.5% of the charge (very acceptable and within what is normal for most charge materials)



Hydrogen content measurement

Hydrogen content was measured with AISCAN and reduced pressure test. Results show a degassing level within normal industrial value of (0,09 to 0,15 ml/100g) after degassing.



Untreated: RPT Density 2.18, AISCAN (0.365 ml/100g)



Degassed: RPT Density 2.66, AlSCAN (0.128 ml/100g)



PoDFA Analysis

- Metal cleanliness is ideally assessed with a hot PoDFA in the degassed melt. The PoDFA or Porous disk filtration apparatus is a method of molten cleanliness assessment wherein the molten metal is forced under vacuum to flow through a ceramic filter. The amount of inclusion per kg filtered and inclusion type is measured by metallography and expressed in mm²/kg.
- Our PoDFA results show an average of 0.4 mm²/kg, which is well within what a typical wheel foundry would see when using primary A356.2 ingots for their melt. We have not seen any issues with metal cleanliness using the eccomeot356.2 product and do not expect any foundry to require any treatments beyond regular foundry practices of proper metal filtering, degassing and possibly fluxing.



Chemistry of material as received and tested at the CMQ

Typical chemistry:

	<u>Si</u>	<u>Fe</u>	<u>Cu</u>	<u>Mn</u>	Mg	<u>Cr</u>	<u>Ni</u>	<u>Zn</u>	<u>Ti</u>
Max	7.500	0.140	0.020	0.030	0.400	0.030	0.008	0.018	0.150
Min	6.500				0.250				
	<u>Ca</u>	<u>Li</u>	<u>Na</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>Pb</u>	<u>Sb</u>	<u>Sn</u>	<u>Sr</u>	<u>AL%</u>
Max	0.005	0.0010	0.0020	0.010	0.010	0.002	0.010	0.0200	Remainder

Major elements of tested material:

	Si	Fe	Cu	Mn	Mg	Zn	Ti	others
eccomelt356.2 As received	7.0	0.11	0.004	0.006	0.334	0.005	0.12	0.03

Chemical analysis of the metal as received was completely within A356.2 specification





Chemistry of material as received and tested at the CMQ

During melting the metal was slightly contaminated with some Fe in the crucible (which gives us "worst case chemistry" of eccomelt356.2, but this did not have a significant impact on properties achieved.

	Si	Fe	Cu	Mn	Mg	Zn	Ti	others	
eccomelt356.2 as received	7.0	0.11	0.004	0.006	0.334	0.005	0.12	0.03	
eccomelt356.2 as melted	7.0	0.15	0.011	0.006	0.348	0.005	0.10	0.03	
eccomelt 356.2 degassed melt	7.0	0.15	0,006	0.006	0.338	0.005	0.13	0.03	
A356.0	6,5-	0,20	0.20	0,10	0.25-	0.10	0,20	0.15	
ASTM B108	7.5	max	max	max	0.45	max	max	max	
A356.1	6.5-	0,15	0.20	0,10	0.30-	0.10	0.20	0,10	
ASTM B179	7,.5	max	max	max	0.45		max	max	
A356.2	6.5-	0,12	0.10	0,05	0.30-	0.05	0.20	0,10	Queb
ASTM B179	7,.5	max	max	max	0.45		max	max	



etallurgy Center



North American Die Casting Association

Die Casting Congress & Exposition - October 15-17, 2018 Indianapolis, IN USA

Chemistry of material as received and tested at the CMQ

Minor elements		eccomelt356.2 as melted	eccomelt356.2 degassed melt	A356.0 ASTM B108	A356.1 ASTM B179
and impurities:	others	0.026	0.026	0.15max	0.10max
and impunites.	Others				
	detail				
	Р	0.0007	0,0009	0.05 max	0.05 max
All within	Cr	0.005	0.005	0.05 max	0.05 max
	Pb	0.0015	0.0011	0.05 max	0.05 max
ASTM B179	Li	0,0001	0.0001	0.05 max	0.05 max
	Sr	0.009	0,008	0.05 max	0.05 max
specification!	Ni	0.006	0,006	0.05 max	0.05 max
•	V	0,01	0,010	0.05 max	0.05 max

Quebec Metallurgy Center





Modification and grain refinement

- Sr modification was not necessary (residual level of 88 ppm in the melt was measured before degassing and 79 ppm after degassing).
- A modification AFS Rating #5 (fully modified) was obtained.
- The melt was grain refined with 0.05 % Ti (Al%5Ti1B).





Tensile testing and results

- Tensile testing on test bars cast in PM to verify the effect of the degassing on the melt.
- The sand casting ASTM B26 gating had a filter installed at the bottom of the sprue.
- Hot isostatic pressing (HIP) done on 50 % of the PM test bars to obtain the best possible properties (with best in class foundry processes) since porosity is closed.
- Tensile testing was also performed on sand mold with the degassed treated metal, and the results were compared to ASTM B26 specifications.



As cast test bars, ASTM B26 sand mold above and B108 permanent mold below



Tensile testing and results

- All cast test bars were heat treated to T6 according to ASTM B917 and T61 with slight modification to ASTM B917 for best elongation.
- T6 for sand cast bars solution anneal to 540 °C for 9h, quench in water at 25 °C then aging to 155 °C for 4 hours the day after
- T61 for PM cast bars solution HT at 540 °C for 9h, quench in water at 25 °C then aging at 162 °C for 9 hours. (50% of the samples were treated by HIP at 535 °C 15000 psi for 2 hours prior to HT).
- A second series cast after fluxing and degassing (the same melt)





As cast test bars, ASTM B26 sand mold above and B108 permanent mold below

Results of 8	
tensile bars	Pe
for the PM	Pe
Series and	Pe
4 for the	E Pe
sand mold	0
series.	Pe Deg
	D

s of 8	Condition	T6 T61 Heat Treatment	YS ksi	UTS ksi	E %	Quality index MPa
bars	Permanent mold Untreated	9 h at162 °C	32,8	39.2	4.3	370
PM	Permanent mold Degassed	9 h at162 °C	33.8	44.4	8.4	446
and ne	Permanent mold Degassed + HIP	HIP + 9h at162 °C	33.4	45.6	12.1	477
nold	Permanent mold Degassed +Flux	HIP + 9h at162 °C	32.7	45.1	9.6	459
	Permanent mold Degassed + Flux+ HIP	HIP + 9h at162 °C	33.8	46.0	11.5	477
	Permanent mold Separate test bars min value ASTM B108	6-12 h at 155 ℃	28.0	38.0	5	367
	Sand mold Degassed	4 h at155 °C	23,5	37,4	9,6	404
	Sand mold Separate test bars min value ASTM B26	2-5 h at 155 °C	24.0	34.0	3.5	316

QI = UTS + 150log E in MPa



Results of 8 tensile bars for the PM Series and 4 for the sand mold series.

s of 8	Condition	T6 T61 Heat Treatment	YS ksi	UTS ksi	E	Quality index
bars	Permanent mold Untreated	9 h at162 °C	32,8	39.2	4.3	370
PM	Permanent mold Degassed	9 h at162 °C	33.8	44.4	8.4	446
and e	Permanent mold Degassed + HIP	HIP + 9h at162 °C	33.4	45.6	12.1	477
, old	Permanent mold Degassed +Flux	HIP + 9h at162 °C	32.7	45.1	9.6	459
	Permanent mold Degassed + Flux+ HIP	HIP + 9h at162 °C	33.8	46.0	11.5	477
	Permanent mold Separate test bars min value ASTM B108	6-12 h at 155 °C	28.0	38.0	5	367
	Sand mold Degassed	4 h at155 °C	23,5	37,4	9,6	404
	Sand mold Separate test bars min value ASTM B26	2-5 h at 155 °C	24.0	34.0	3.5	316

ASTM min. & very good QI values:

 367MPa is minimum / 450MPa in PM is considered very good



Results of 8
tensile bars
for the PM
Series and
4 for the
sand mold
series.

s of 8	Condition	T6 T61 Heat Treatment	YS ksi	UTS ksi	E %	Quality index MPa
bars	Permanent mold Untreated	9 h at162 °C	32,8	39.2	4.3	370
PM	Permanent mold Degassed	9 h at162 °C	33.8	44.4	8.4	446
and e	Permanent mold Degassed + HIP	HIP + 9h at162 °C	33.4	45.6	12.1	477
old	Permanent mold Degassed +Flux	HIP + 9h at 162 °C	32.7	45.1	9.6	459
	Permanent mold Degassed + Flux+ HIP	HIP + 9h at162 °C	33.8	46.0	11.5	477
	Permanent mold Separate test bars min value ASTM B108	6-12 h at 155 ℃	28.0	38.0	5	367
	Sand mold Degassed	4 h at155 °C	23,5	37,4	9,6	404
	Sand mold Separate test bars min value ASTM B26	2-5 h at 155 °C	24.0	34.0	3.5	316

ASTM min. & very good QI values:

- 367MPa is minimum / 450MPa in PM is considered very good
- Best in class foundry processes can achieve a QI up to ≈470 Mpa



Results of 8 tensile bars for the PM Series and 4 for the sand mold series.

8	Condition	T6 T61 Heat Treatment	YS ksi	UTS ksi	E %	Quality index MPa	
rs	Permanent mold Untreated	9 h at162 °C	32,8	39.2	4.3	370	
1	Permanent mold Degassed	9 h at162 °C	33.8	44.4	8.4	446	
d	Permanent mold Degassed + HIP	HIP + 9h at162 °C	33.4	45.6	12.1	477	
d I	Permanent mold Degassed +Flux	HIP + 9h at162 °C	32.7	45.1	9.6	4 9	
^	Permanent mold Degassed + Flux+ HIP	HIP + 9h at162 °C	33.8	46.0	11.5	477	
	Permanent mold Separate test bars min value ASTM B108	6-12 h af 155 ℃	28.0	38.0	5	36/	
	Sand mold Degassed	4 h at155 °C	23,5	37,4	9,6	404	
	Sand mold Separate test bars min value ASTM B26	2-5 h at 155 °C	24.0	34.0	3.5	316	

ASTM min. & very good QI values:

- 367MPa min. / 450MPa in PM is considered very good
- Best in class foundry processes can achieve a QI up to ≈470 Mpa
- Fluxing did not show additional improvement which means the melt was already very clean after first degassing and did not require fluxing or additional cleaning.



Results of 8 tensile bars for the PM Series and 4 for the sand mold series.

of 8	Condition	T6 T61 Heat Treatment	YS ksi	UTS ksi	E %	Quality index MPa
ars	Permanent mold Untreated	9 h at162 °C	32,8	39.2	4.3	370
M.	Permanent mold Degassed	9 h at162 °C	33.8	44.4	8.4	446
nd	Permanent mold Degassed + HIP	HIP + 9h at162 °C	33.4	45.6	12.1	477
d	Permanent mold Degassed +Flux	HIP + 9h at162 °C	32.7	45.1	9.6	459
a	Permanent mold Degassed + Flux+ HIP	HIP + 9h at162 °C	33.8	46.0	11.5	477
	Permanent mold Separate test bars min value ASTM B108	6-12 h at 155 °C	28.0	38.0	5	367
	Sand mold Degassed	4 h at155 °C	23,5	37,4	9,6	404
	Sand mold Separate test bars min value ASTM B26	2-5 h at 155 °C	24.0	34.0	3.5	316

ASTM min. & very good QI values:

- 367MPa min. / 450MPa in PM is considered very good
- Best in class foundry processes can achieve a QI up to ≈470 Mpa
- Fluxing did not show additional improvement which means the melt was already very clean after first degassing and did not require fluxing or additional cleaning.

316 MPa min. / >400 MPa in sand is an excellent result with only degassed metal.



North American Die Casting Association

Die Casting Congress & Exposition - October 15-17, 2018 Indianapolis, IN USA

Test bars' fracture surfaces were visually inspected for inclusions:

- The untreated test bars presented some inclusions
- After degassing, only 1 out of 8 had one inclusion and a lower elongation of 4.9%.
- All other test bars from the degassed melt (4 sand cast and 8 permanent mold tested with and without HIP treatment) did not show inclusions in the fracture surface.
- I.e. only 1 out of 20 test bars from the degassed melt had an inclusion on the fracture surface, which is an excellent result and verifies the cleanliness of eccomelt356.2.



Microscopic evaluation - Porosity

Porosity vas evaluated by image analysis of the total surface in the reduced section.

Porosity in the PM bar was 0.67 % for the untreated, 0,36 % for the degassed melt and 0.02 % in the degassed melt after hipping.



Typical porosity in the permanent mold test bars from left to right Untreated, Degassed and Degassed+HIP sample

- Hipping has closed porosity (as expected)
- Porosity in a sand cast test bar was found to be 0.53%. (The lower speed of solidification in the sand mold is the reason for the higher porosity content when compared to PM)
- The metal itself was very clean with no noticeable inclusions that contribute to porosity



Porosity in a sand cast test bars



Dendrite arm spacing, strontium modification and structure

- The test bar cast from untreated metal shows normal/typical porosity
- A fine structure and AFS Rating #5 Fibrous silicon eutectic structure with no acicular phase ("fully modified").

Untreated melt, permanent mold cast



This means that if the eccomelt356.2 product is melted and immediately cast at a foundry, usually no extra Sr addition is required.



Dendrite arm spacing, strontium modification and structure

The degassed metal shows some normal/typical porosity and a DAS equal to 30,9 µm with a standard dev 4,4 µm and equally a modification rating of #5.

500 pm

Degassed melt, permanent mold cast



Dendrite arm spacing, strontium modification and structure

Hipping at 15000 psi and at 535 °C for 2 hours did not change the structure but has closed the porosity. Degassed melt after hipping, permanent mold cast





Economic and environmental aspects

- eccomelt356.2 is already being used by some smelters for the production of low Fe, high-quality AI-Si alloy ingots.
- Many foundries are using eccomelt356.2 directly, thereby becoming more competitive by benefiting from a lower price point, and eliminating one melting step with the additional logistics, handling, etc.
- This could be especially true for a multitude of (structural/low Fe alloy) die castings – also with a significant, positive impact on the environment.
- In addition, a multitude of components currently made by die casting (in secondary alloys) could benefit from the higher quality and competitive input material eccomelt356.2 is offering, which could result in lower Fe alloys with significantly improved properties at competitive prices.



Economic and environmental aspects

- Charging and melting time of eccomelt356.2 will depend on the furnace type and arrangement and the way it is charged. In most cases there will be little difference in terms of charging time between eccomelt356.2 and small ingots, T-bars or sows if the charging is done in the appropriate way.
- Melting time depends on the surface area to mass ratio which is much greater compared to ingots and especially T-bars or sows, so generally melting is faster, especially if the charge is immersed into molten metal.
- Increased surface area to mass creates more oxide surface and hence more dross generation. However, our CMQ testing shows that melt loss was low and quite comparable to ingots. It will likely lead to approximately 0.5-1% more dross than ingots.



Conclusions

- eccomelt356.2 is an ideal material to make most structural / low Fe AI-Si type die casting alloys in very high quality.
- It comes densely packed in supersacks at attractive pricing
- eccomelt356.2 is a very pure metal absolutely comparable to primary A356.
- The metal is very clean and filtering and degassing are sufficient, fluxing was not necessary in our trials.
- Melting is without any fumes or smoke and can be done in any existing melting furnace.
- Additional melt loss of 0.5 1% can be expected due to more surface area, but savings on material melting costs should easily more than compensate for this.
- eccomelt356.2 can help structural die casting become more competitive compared with other technologies and materials.



Questions?

Martin Hartlieb

Martin.hartlieb@viami.ca

